

ENGN2219/COMP6719
Computer Systems & Organization
Problem Set 1

Note: This problem set is optional for your practice only and not part of the assessment scheme.

Question 1:

Briefly explain how software programmers can write programs in their favorite programming language (e.g., Python) without fully comprehending the physics behind transistors (the fundamental building block of a modern computer). How is the microarchitecture abstraction different from the architecture (or ISA) abstraction? Why do we need a transformation hierarchy in computer systems?

Question 2:

What is the smallest (most negative) 32-bit binary number that can be represented with

- (a) unsigned numbers?
- (b) two's complement numbers?
- (c) sign/magnitude numbers?

Question 3:

Convert the following decimal numbers to 8-bit two's complement numbers or indicate that the decimal number would overflow the range.

- (a) 124
- (b) -63
- (c) 42
- (d) -128
- (e) 133

Question 4:

Convert the following decimal numbers to 6-bit two's complement binary numbers and add them. Indicate whether the sum overflows a 6-bit result.

- (a) $16 + 9$
- (b) $-4 + 19$
- (c) $3 + -32$
- (d) $-16 + -9$
- (e) $-27 + -31$

Question 5:

Convert the following decimal numbers to 5-bit two's complement binary numbers and subtract them. Indicate whether the difference overflows a 5-bit result.

- (a) $9 - 7$
- (b) $12 - 15$
- (c) $-6 - 11$
- (d) $4 - -8$

Question 6:

Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to decimal:

- (a) AB3E
- (b) 776F