COMP2310/COMP6310
Systems, Networks, & Concurrency

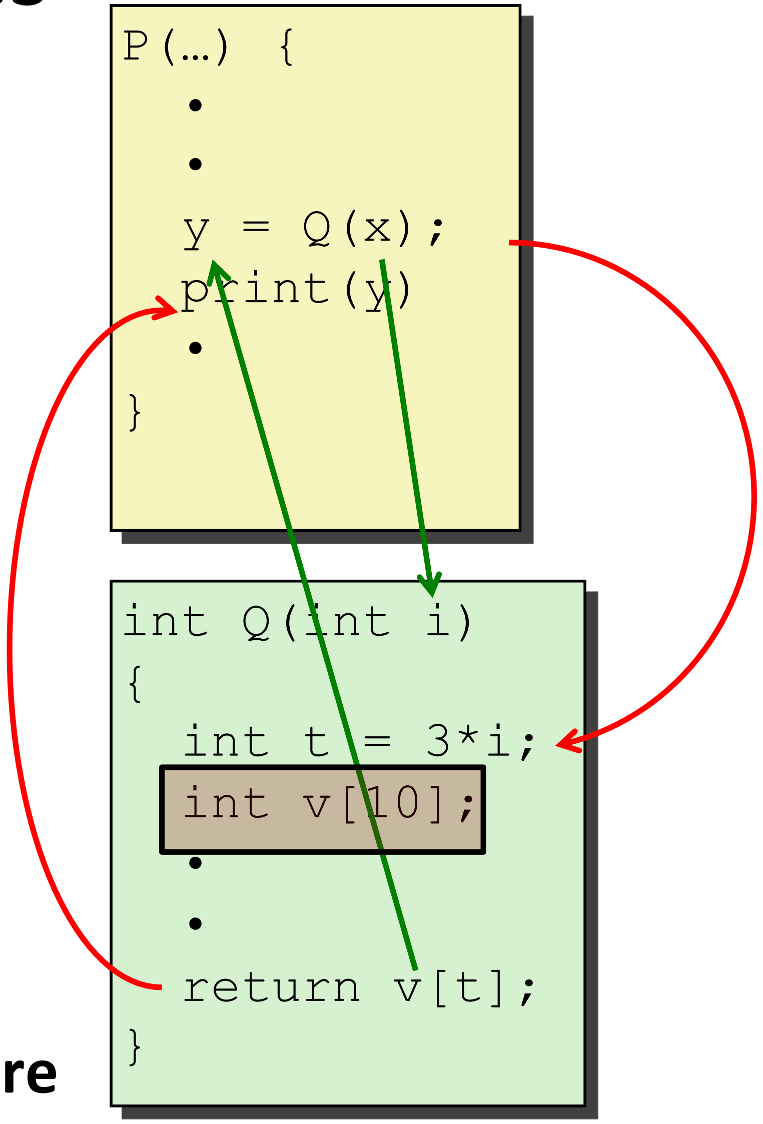
Convener: Shoaib Akram

Machine-Level Programming III: Procedures

Acknowledgement of material: With changes suited to ANU needs, the slides are obtained from Carnegie Mellon University: https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~213/

Mechanisms in Procedures

- **Passing control**
  - To beginning of procedure code
  - Back to return point
- **Passing data**
  - Procedure arguments
  - Return value
- **Memory management**
  - Allocate during procedure execution
  - Deallocate upon return
- **Mechanisms all implemented with machine instructions**
- **x86-64 implementation of a procedure uses only those mechanisms required**



```
P(…) {
   •
   •
   y = Q(x);
   print(y)
   •
}
```

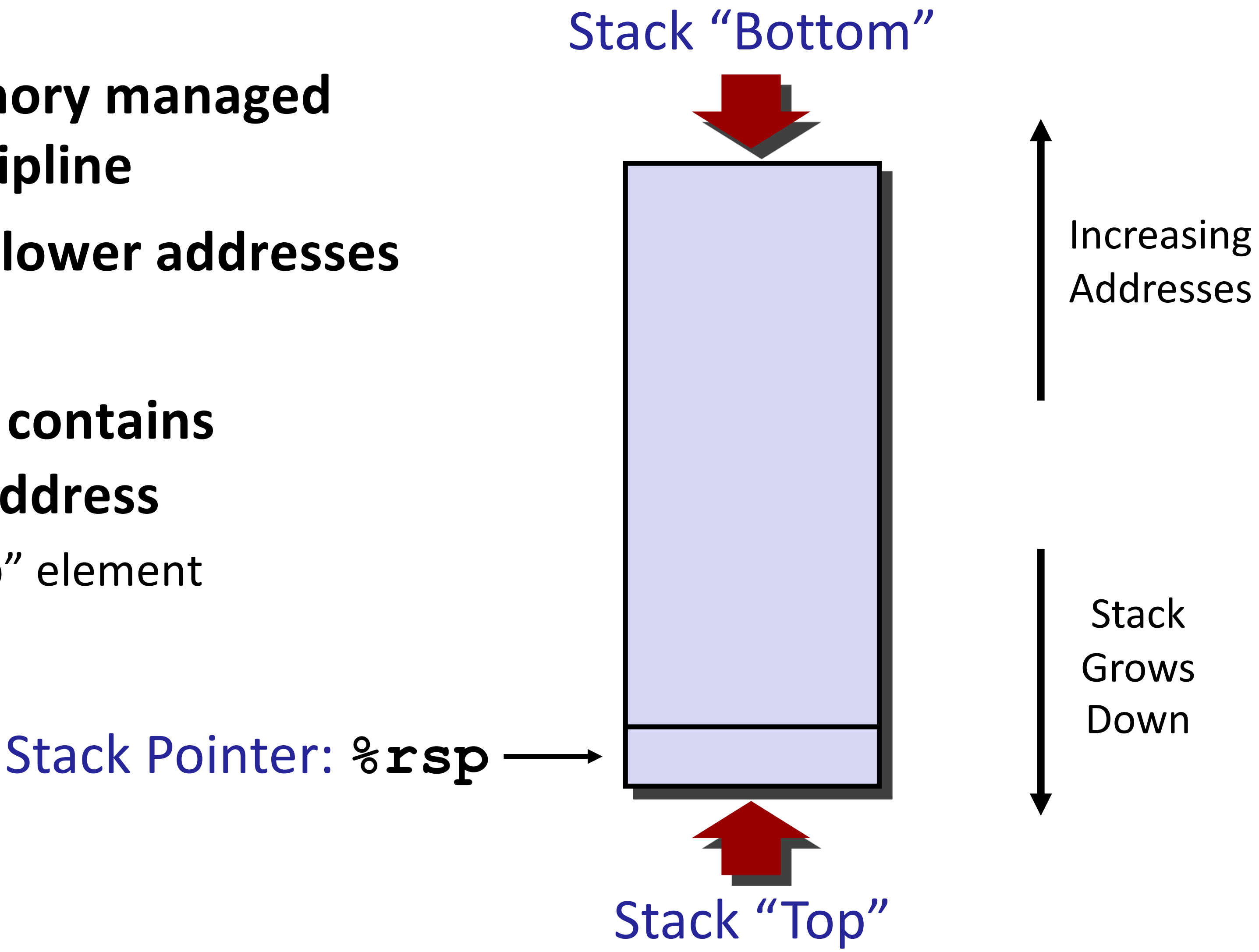
```
int Q(int i)
{
   int t = 3*i;
   int v[10];
   •
   •
   return v[t];
}
```

Today

- **Procedures**
  - **Stack Structure**
  - Calling Conventions
    - Passing control
    - Passing data
    - Managing local data
  - Illustration of Recursion

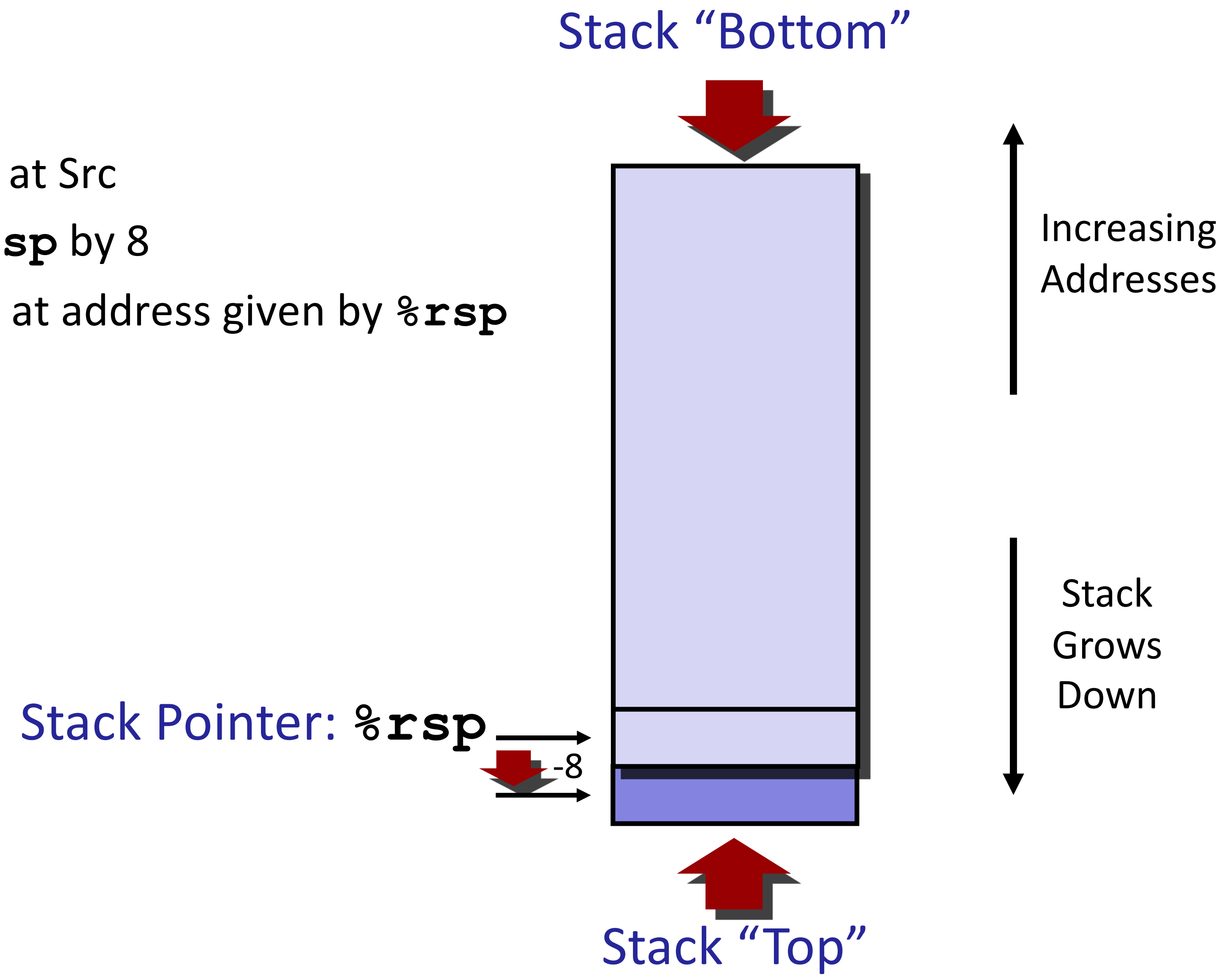
x86-64 Stack

- Region of memory managed with stack discipline
- Grows toward lower addresses
- Register `%rsp` contains lowest stack address
  - address of "top" element



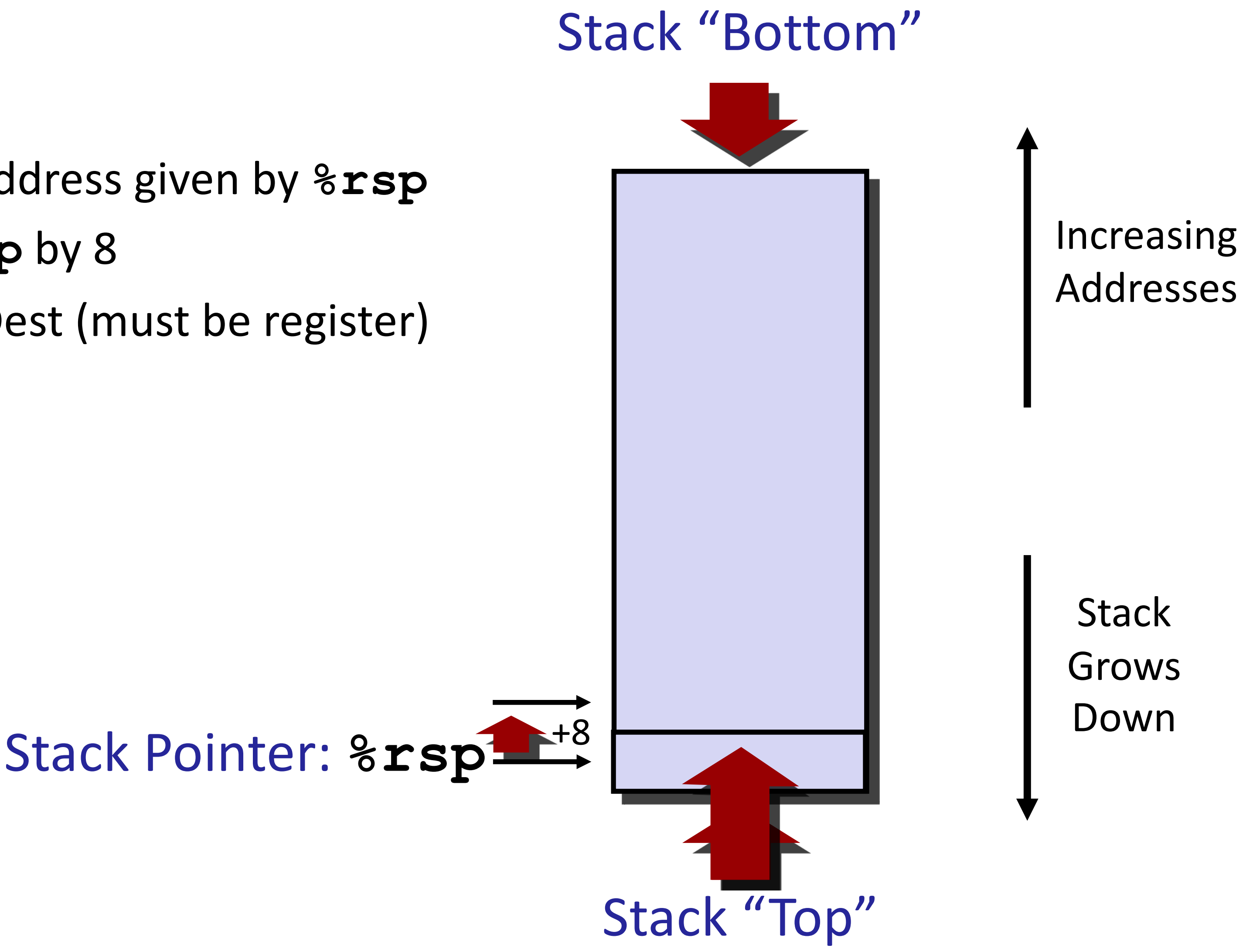
x86-64 Stack: Push

- **`pushq Src`**
  - Fetch operand at Src
  - Decrement **`%rsp`** by 8
  - Write operand at address given by **`%rsp`**



x86-64 Stack: Pop

- **`popq`** ***Dest***
  - Read value at address given by **`%rsp`**
  - Increment **`%rsp`** by 8
  - Store value at *Dest* (must be register)



Today

- **Procedures**
  - Stack Structure
  - Calling Conventions
    - **Passing control**
    - Passing data
    - Managing local data
  - Illustration of Recursion

Code Examples

```
void multstore
 (long x, long y, long *dest)
{
    long t = mult2(x, y);
    *dest = t;
}
```

```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
  400540: push   %rbx             # Save %rbx
  400541: mov    %rdx,%rbx        # Save dest
  400544: callq  400550 <mult2>   # mult2(x,y)
  400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)      # Save at dest
  40054c: pop    %rbx             # Restore %rbx
  40054d: retq                    # Return
```

```
long mult2
  (long a, long b)
{
  long s = a * b;
  return s;
}
```

```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
  400550:  mov    %rdi,%rax      # a
  400553:  imul   %rsi,%rax      # a * b
  400557:  retq                  # Return
```

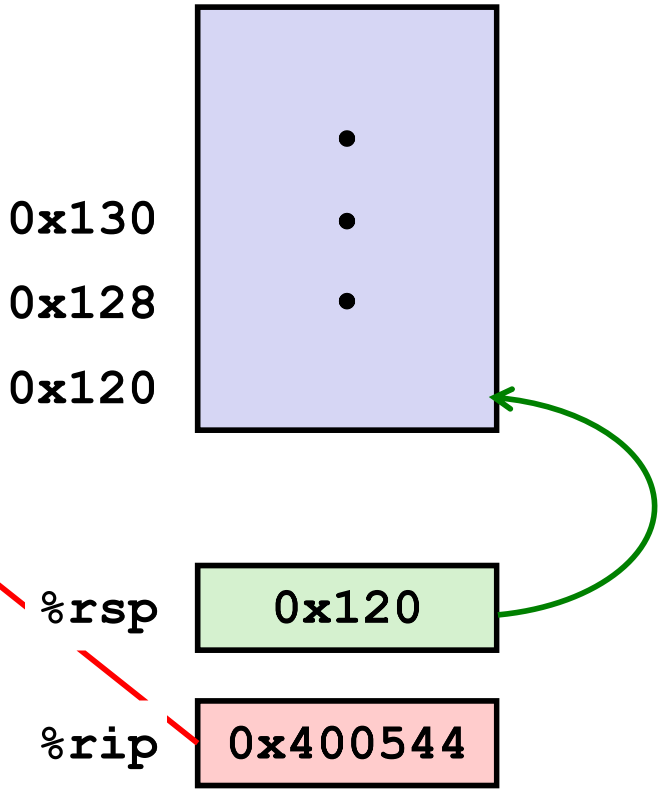
Procedure Control Flow

- **Use stack to support procedure call and return**
- **Procedure call: `call label`**
  - Push return address on stack
  - Jump to label
- **Return address:**
  - Address of the next instruction right after call
  - Example from disassembly
- **Procedure return: `ret`**
  - Pop address from stack
  - Jump to address

Control Flow Example #1

```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
  •
  •
  400544: callq  400550 <mult2>
  400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)
  •
  •
```

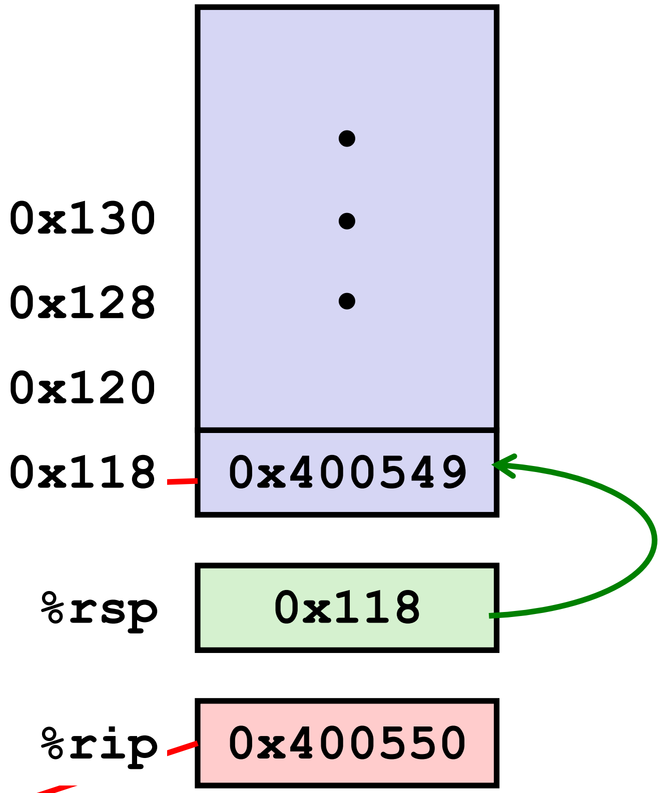
```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
  400550:   mov    %rdi,%rax
  •
  •
  400557:   retq
```



Control Flow Example #2

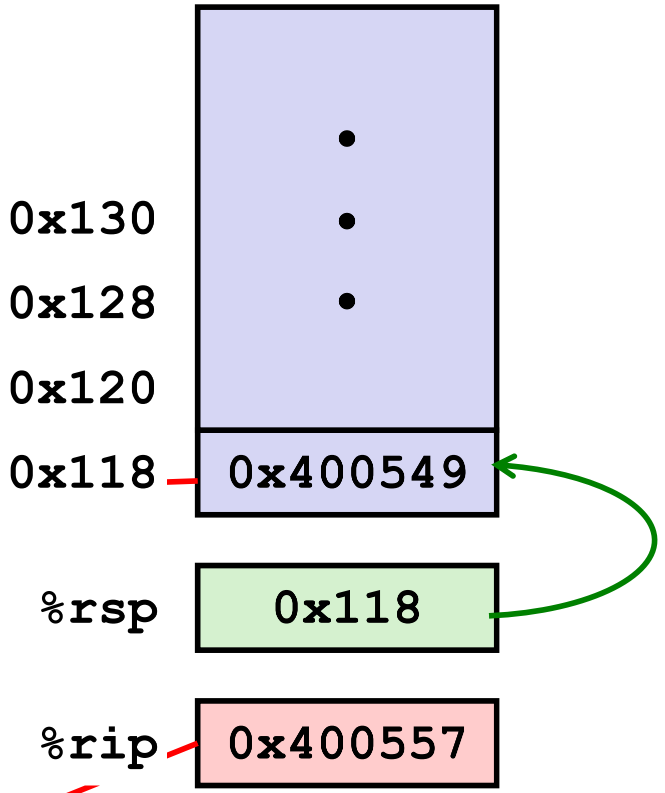
```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
  •
  •
  400544: callq  400550 <mult2>
  400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)
  •
  •
```

```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
  400550:   mov     %rdi,%rax
  •
  •
  400557:   retq
```



Control Flow Example #3

```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
  •
  •
  400544: callq  400550 <mult2>
  400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)
  •
  •
```

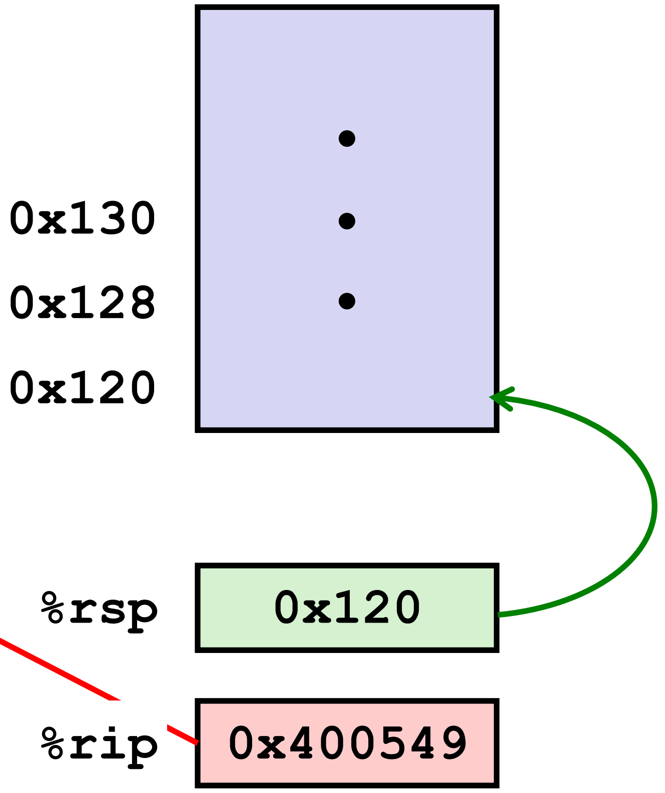


```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
  400550:  mov    %rdi,%rax
  •
  •
  400557:  retq
```

Control Flow Example #4

```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
  •
  •
  400544: callq  400550 <mult2>
  400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)
  •
  •
```

```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
  400550:  mov    %rdi,%rax
  •
  •
  400557:  retq
```



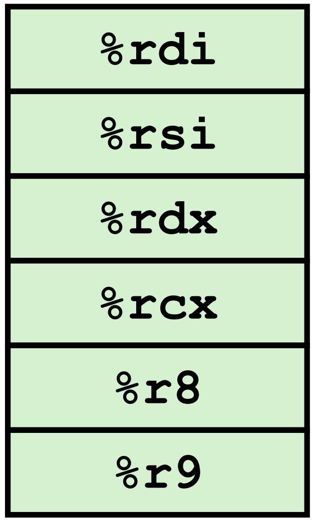
Today

- **Procedures**
  - Stack Structure
  - Calling Conventions
    - Passing control
    - **Passing data**
    - Managing local data
  - Illustrations of Recursion & Pointers

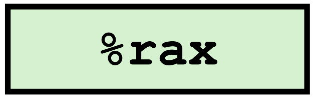
Procedure Data Flow

Registers

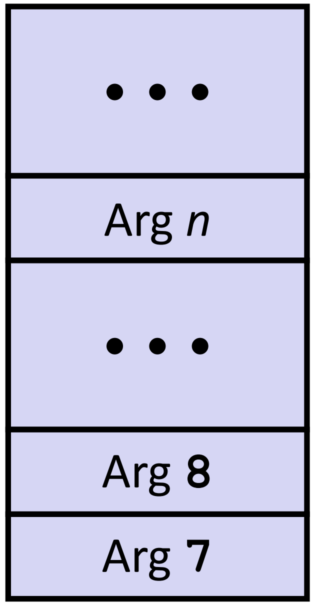
- First 6 arguments



- Return value



Stack



- Only allocate stack space when needed

Data Flow Examples

```
void multstore
 (long x, long y, long *dest)
{
    long t = mult2(x, y);
    *dest = t;
}
```

```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
  # x in %rdi, y in %rsi, dest in %rdx
  • • •
  400541: mov    %rdx,%rbx          # Save dest
  400544: callq  400550 <mult2>     # mult2(x,y)
  # t in %rax
  400549: mov    %rax,(%rbx)        # Save at dest
  • • •
```

```
long mult2
  (long a, long b)
{
  long s = a * b;
  return s;
}
```

```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
  # a in %rdi, b in %rsi
  400550:  mov    %rdi,%rax        # a
  400553:  imul   %rsi,%rax        # a * b
  # s in %rax
  400557:  retq                    # Return
```

Today

- **Procedures**
  - Stack Structure
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    - Passing data
    - **Managing local data**
  - Illustration of Recursion

Stack-Based Languages

- **Languages that support recursion**
  - e.g., C, Pascal, Java
  - Code must be “Reentrant”
    - Multiple simultaneous instantiations of single procedure
  - Need some place to store state of each instantiation
    - Arguments
    - Local variables
    - Return pointer
- **Stack discipline**
  - State for given procedure needed for limited time
    - From when called to when return
  - Callee returns before caller does
- **Stack allocated in Frames**
  - state for single procedure instantiation

Call Chain Example

```
yoo(…)
{
   •
   •
   who();
   •
   •
}
```

```
who(…)
{
   • • •
   amI();
   • • •
   amI();
   • • •
}
```

```
amI(…)
{
   •
   •
   amI();
   •
   •
}
```

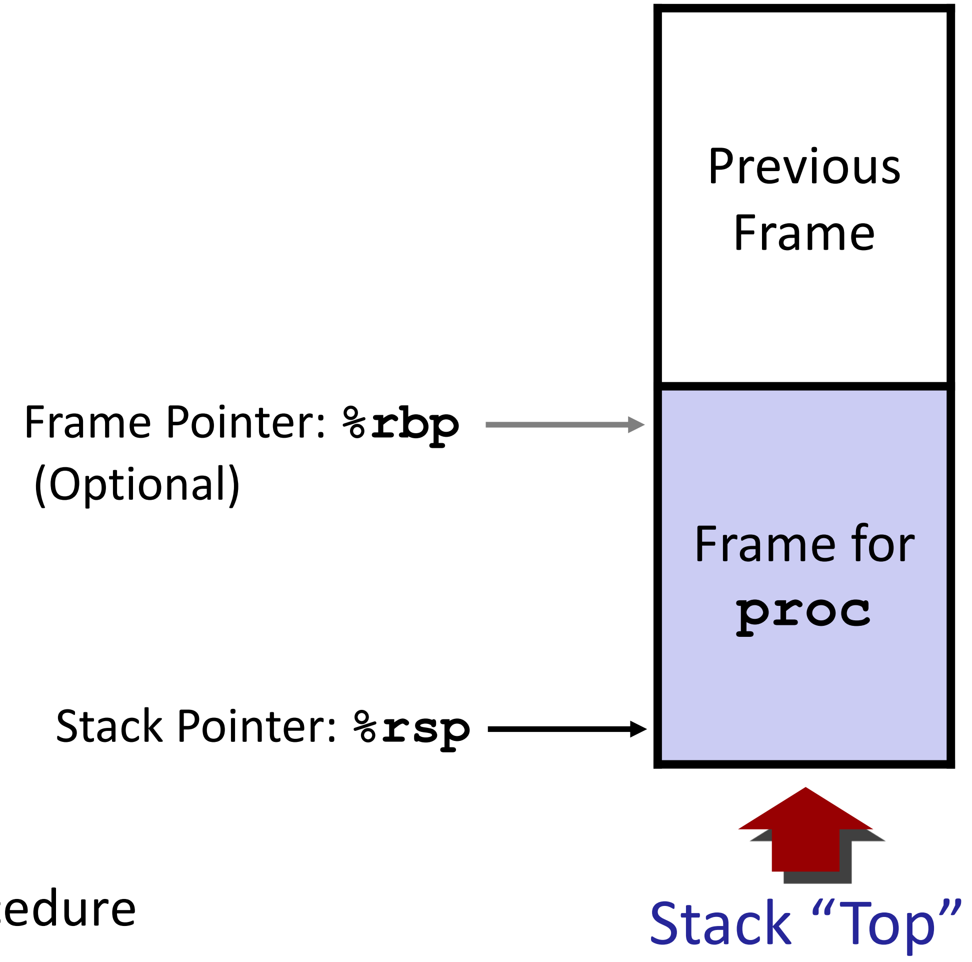
Example
Call Chain

$$\begin{tikzcd}
\texttt{yoo} \arrow[d] & \\
\texttt{who} \arrow[d] \arrow[dr] & \\
\texttt{amI} \arrow[d] & \texttt{amI} \\
\texttt{amI} \arrow[d] & \\
\texttt{amI} &
\end{tikzcd}$$

Procedure **`amI()`** is recursive

Stack Frames

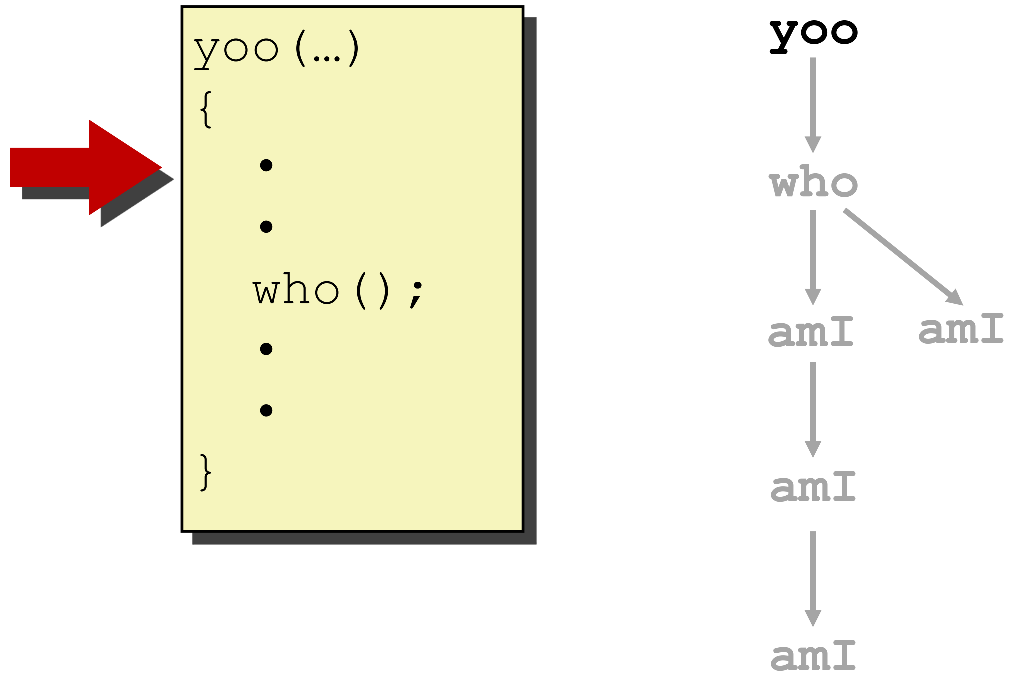
- **Contents**
  - Return information
  - Local storage (if needed)
  - Temporary space (if needed)

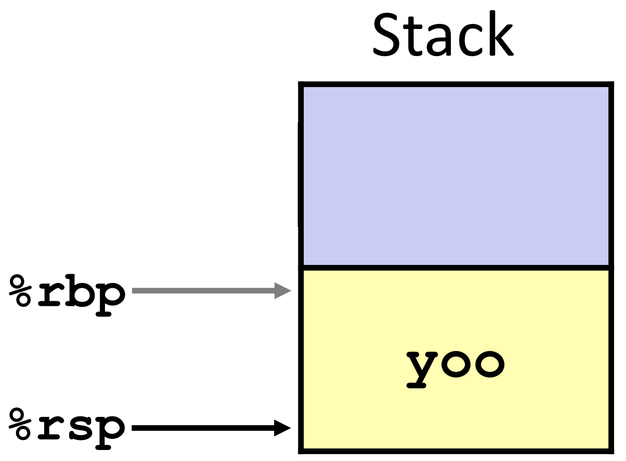


- **Management**
  - Space allocated when enter procedure
    - "Set-up" code
    - Includes push by `call` instruction
  - Deallocated when return
    - "Finish" code
    - Includes pop by `ret` instruction

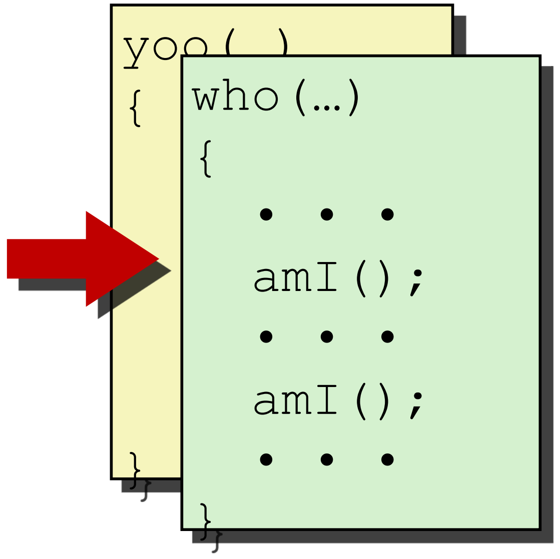
Example

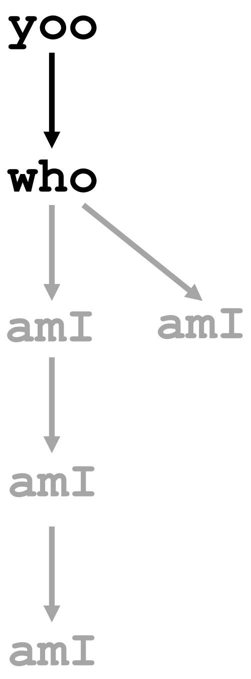
```
yoo(…)
{
   •
   •
   who();
   •
   •
}
```

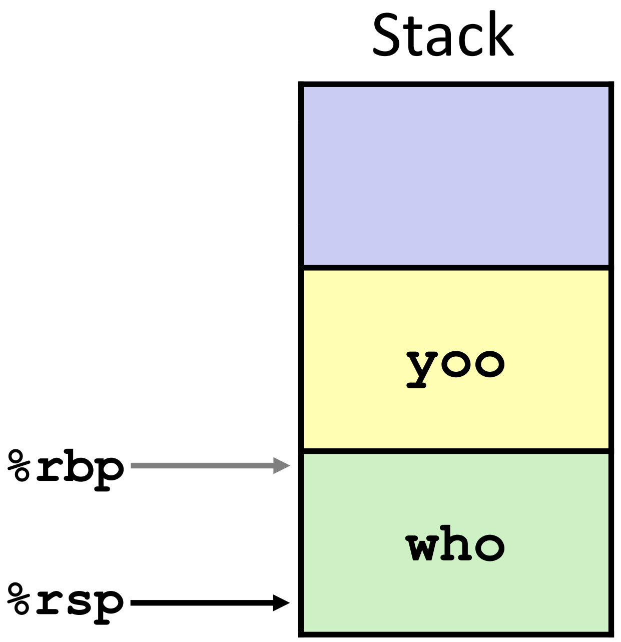




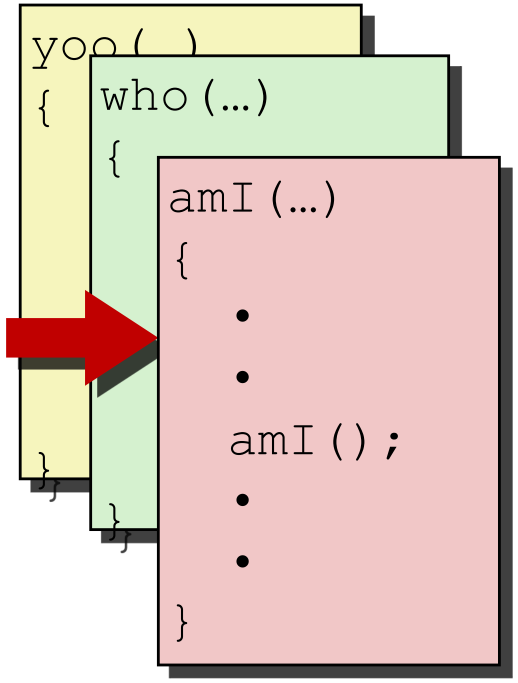
Example



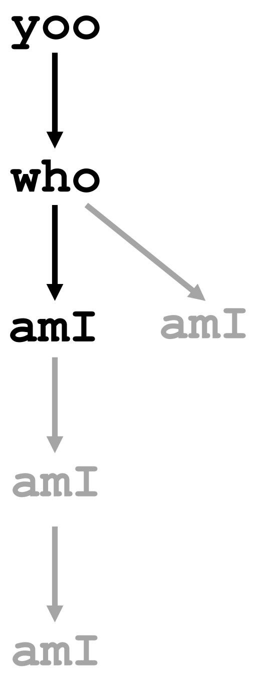




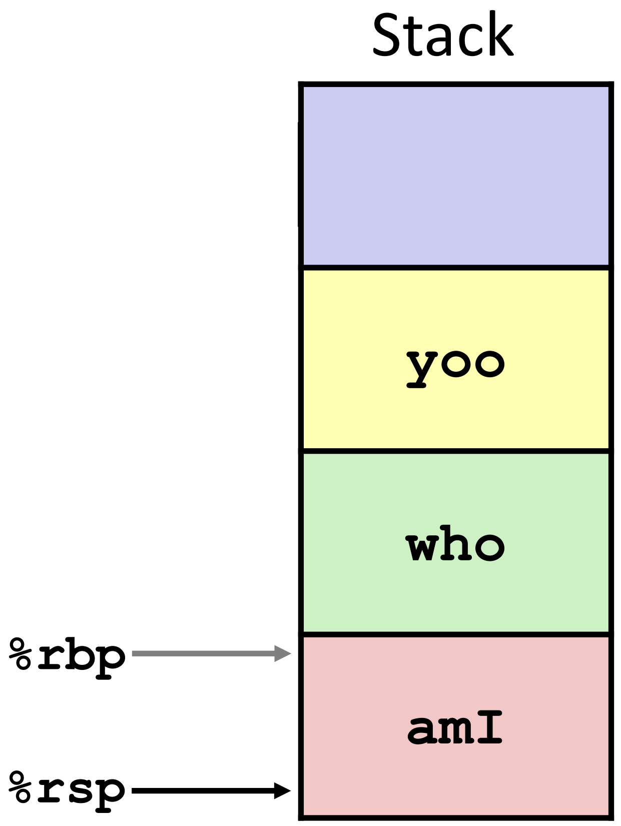
Example



yoo(…)
{
}
who(…)
{
}
amI(…)
{
•
•
amI();
•
•
}

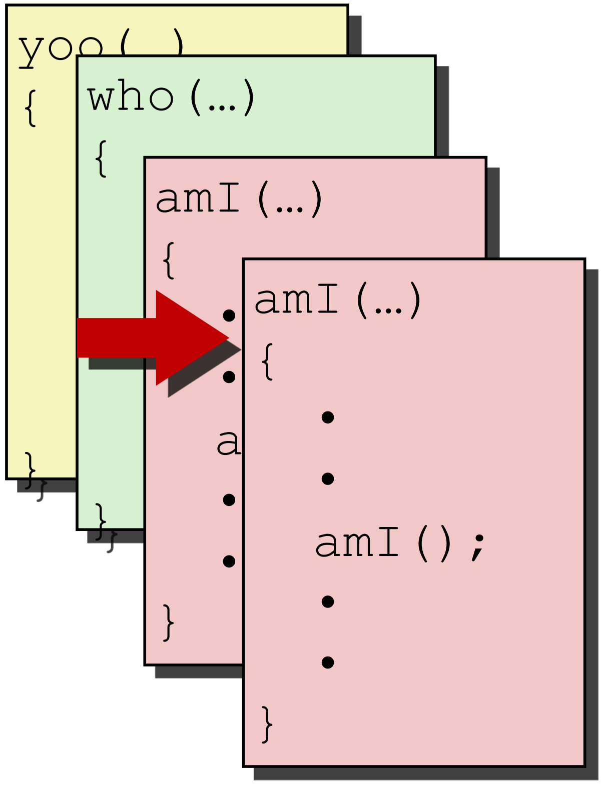


yoo
who
amI
amI
amI
amI

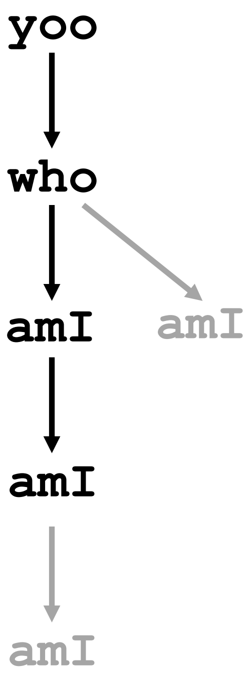


Stack
yoo
who
amI
%rbp
%rsp

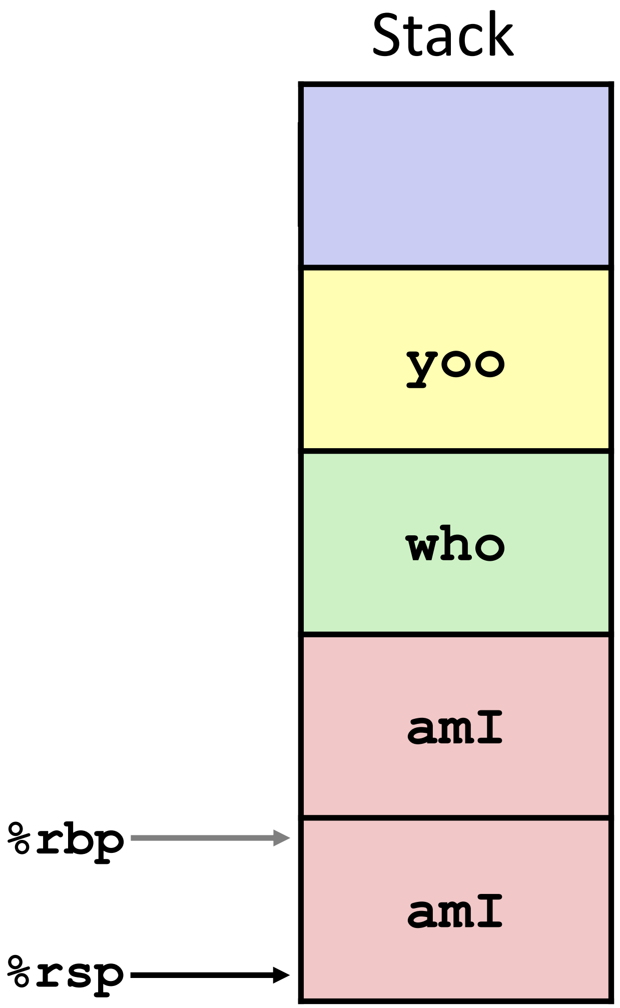
Example



yoo(…)
{
}
who(…)
{
}
amI(…)
{
•
•
a
•
•
}
amI(…)
{
•
•
amI();
•
•
}



yoo
who
amI
amI
amI
amI



Stack
yoo
who
amI
amI
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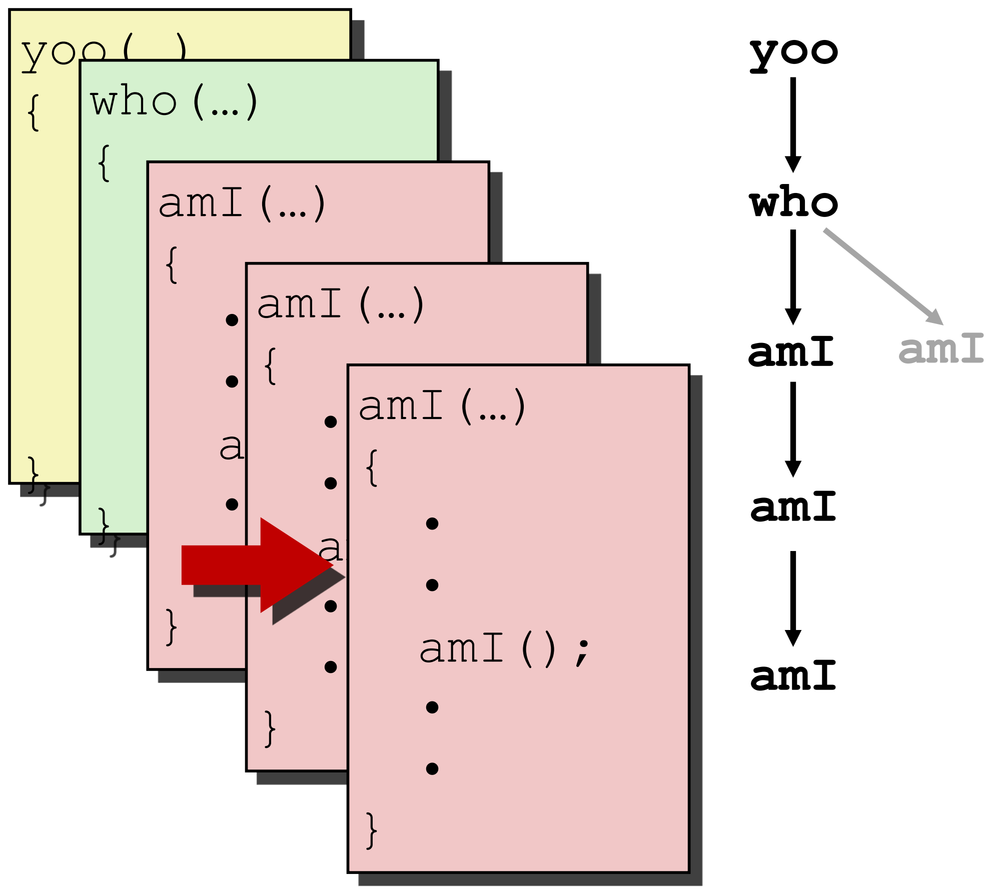
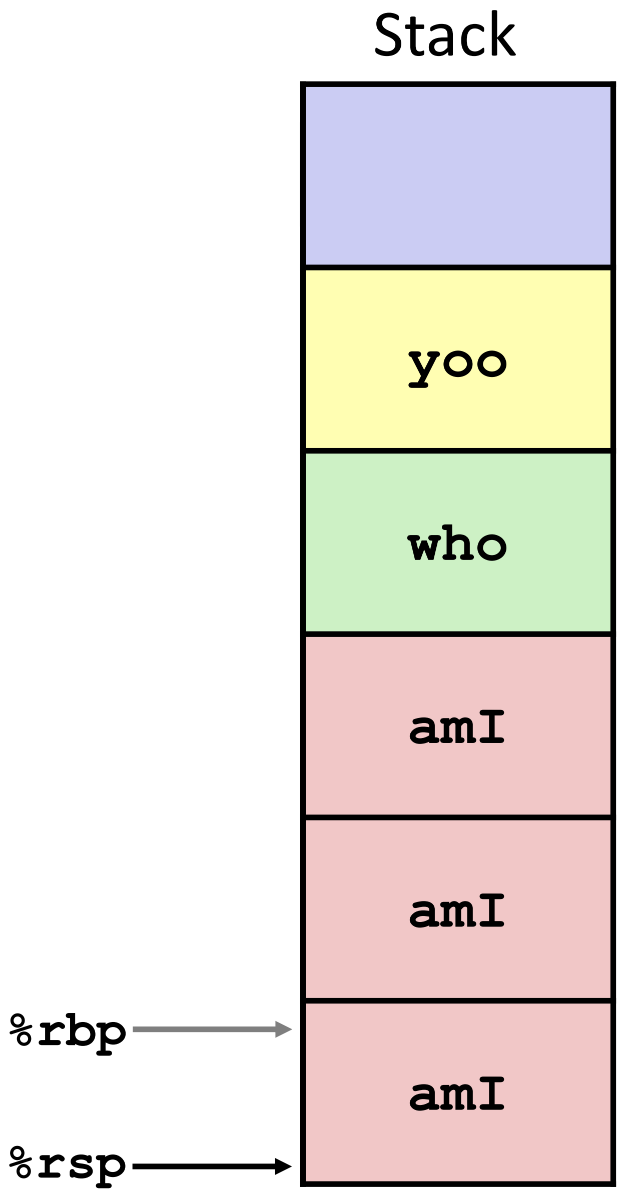
%rsp

Example

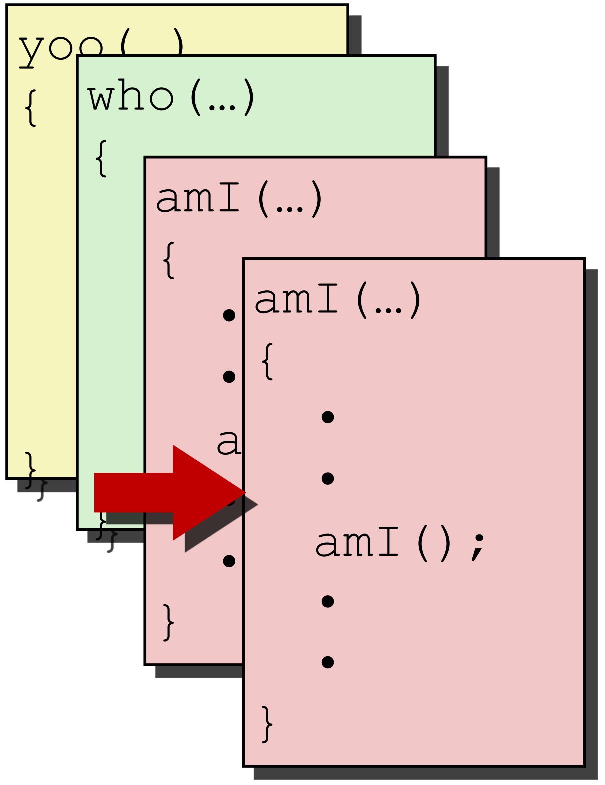


yoo(…)
{
}
who(…)
{
}
amI(…)
{
•
•
a
•
}
amI(…)
{
•
•
a
•
•
}
amI(…)
{
•
•
amI();
•
•
}
yoo
who
amI
amI
amI
amI

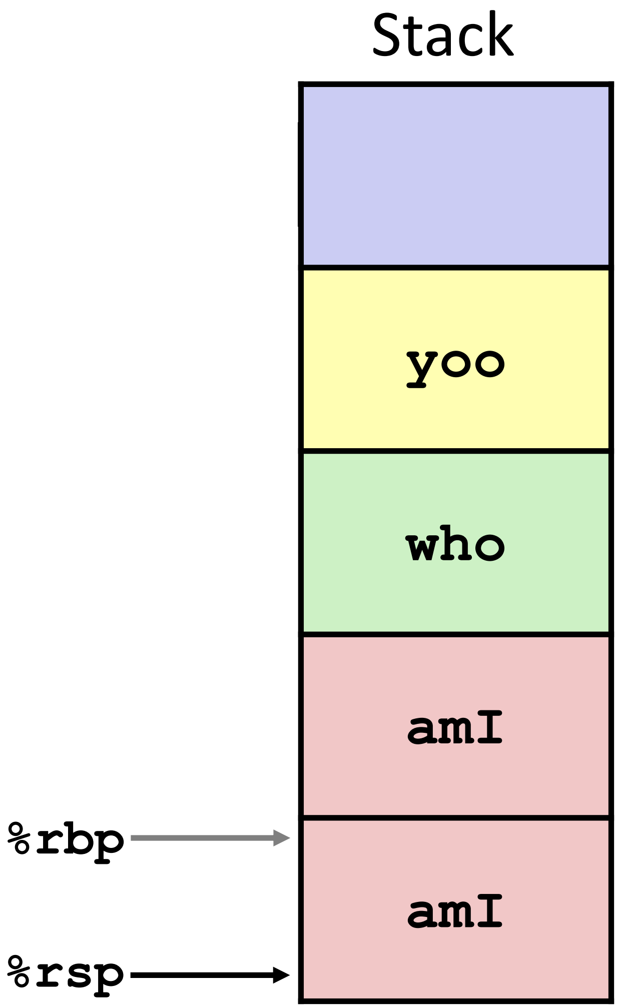


Stack
yoo
who
amI
amI
amI
%rbp
%rsp

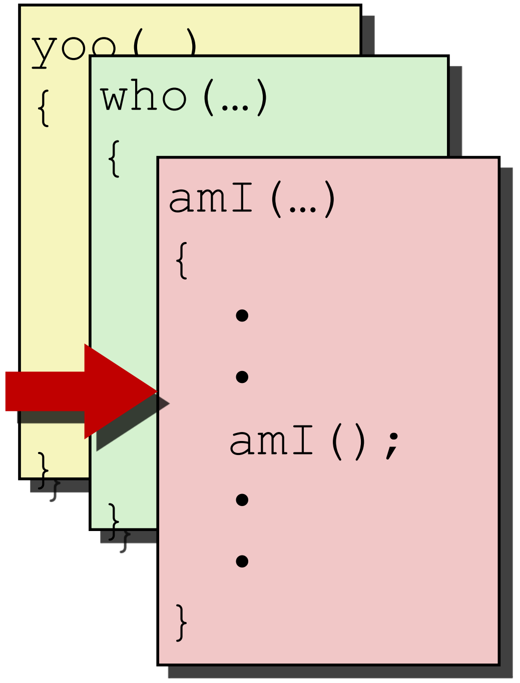
Example



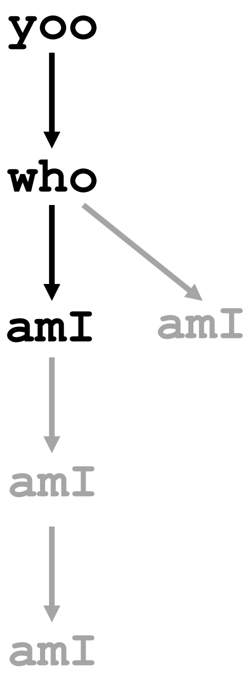
$$\begin{tikzcd} & \text{yoo} \arrow[d] & \\ & \text{who} \arrow[d] \arrow[dr] & \\ & \text{amI} \arrow[d] & \text{amI} \\ & \text{amI} \arrow[d] & \\ & \text{amI} & \end{tikzcd}$$



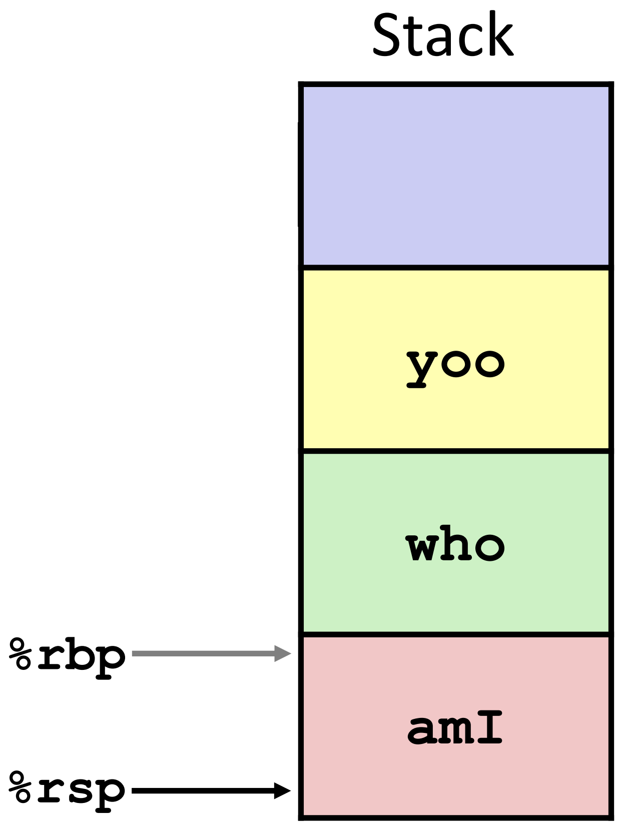
Example



yoo(…)
{
}
who(…)
{
}
amI(…)
{
•
•
amI();
•
•
}



yoo
who
amI
amI
amI
amI



Stack
yoo
who
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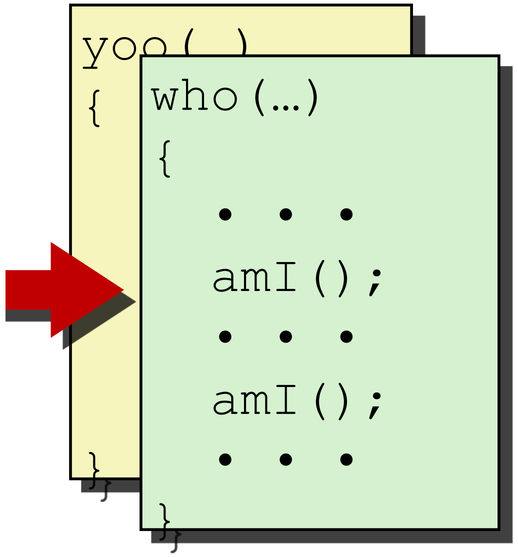
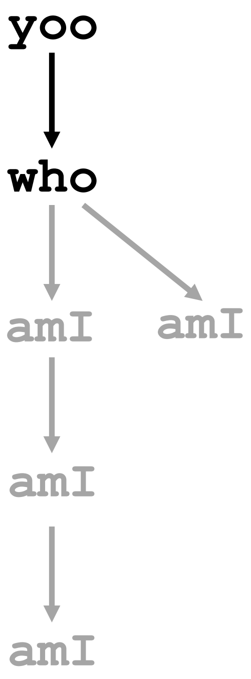
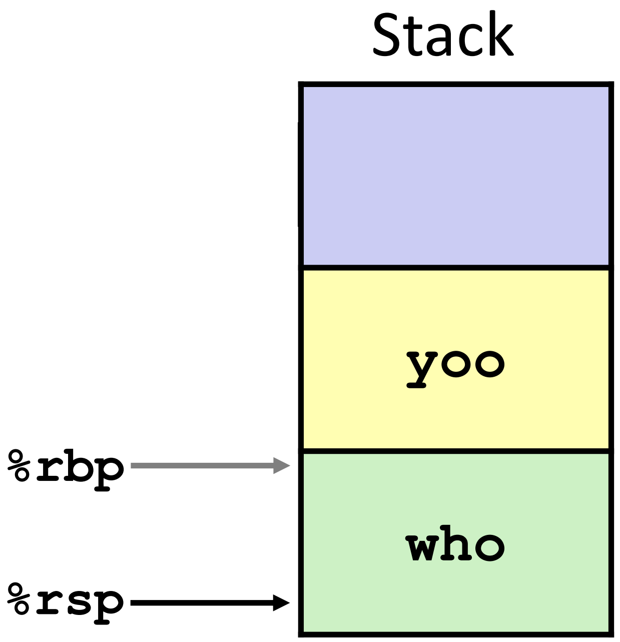
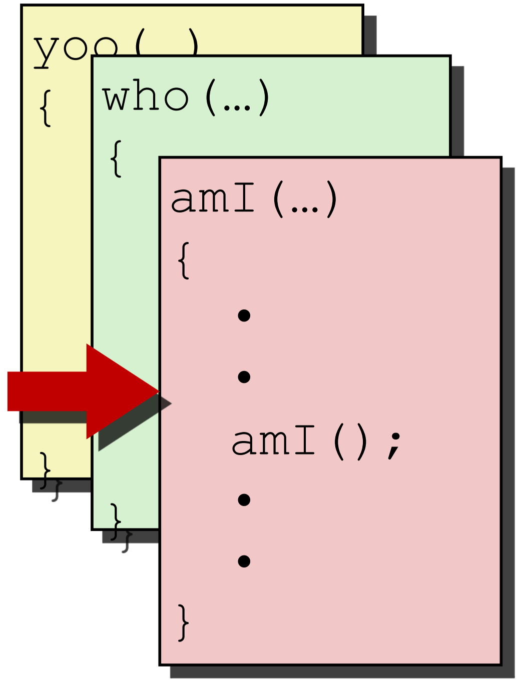
Example



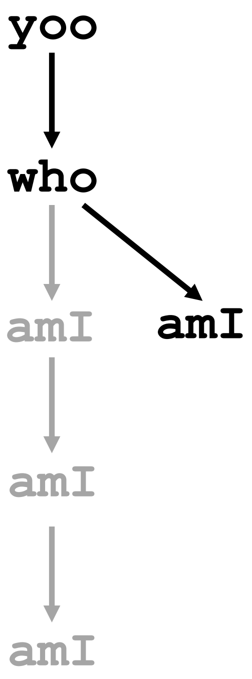




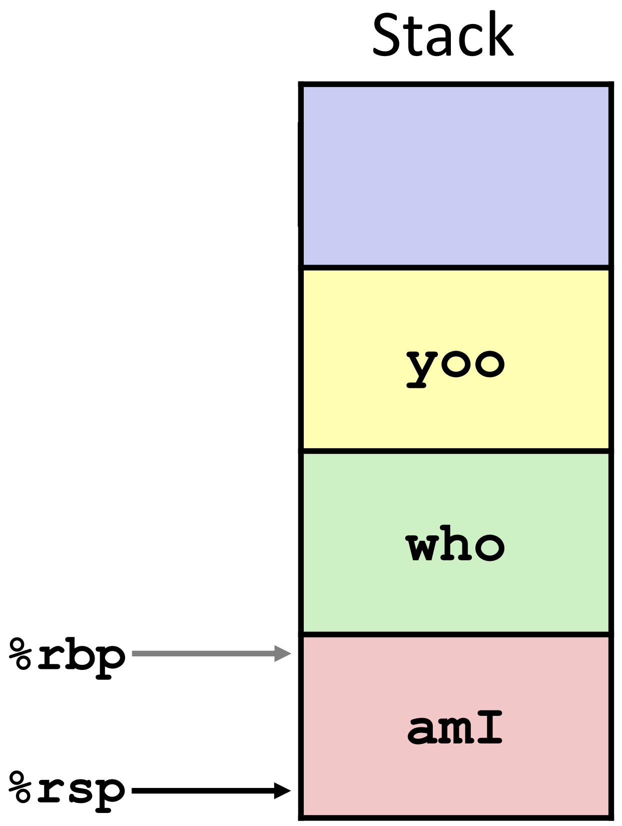
Example



yoo(…)
{
who(…)
{
amI(…)
{
•
•
amI();
•
•
}
}
}

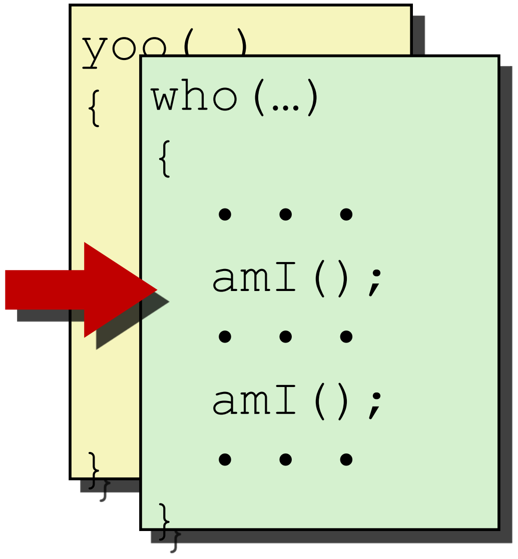


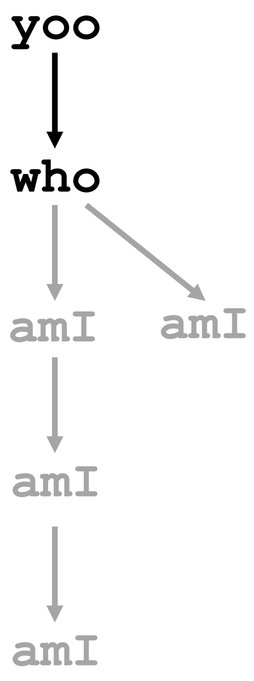
yoo
who
amI
amI
amI
amI

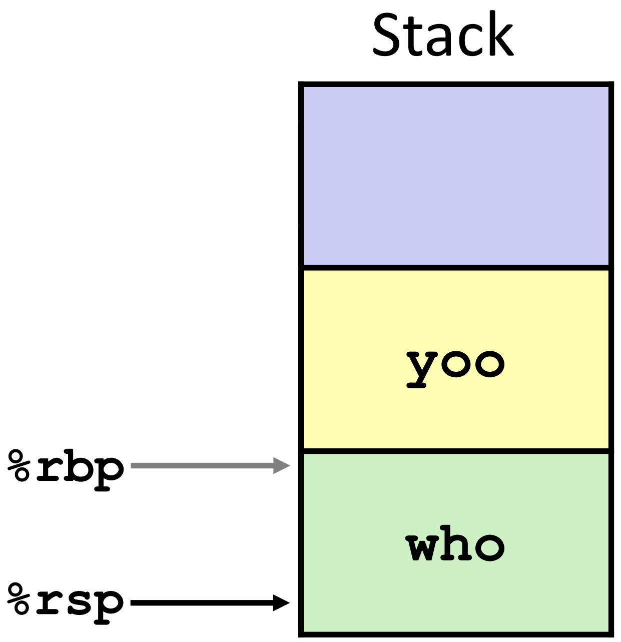


Stack
yoo
who
amI
%rbp
%rsp

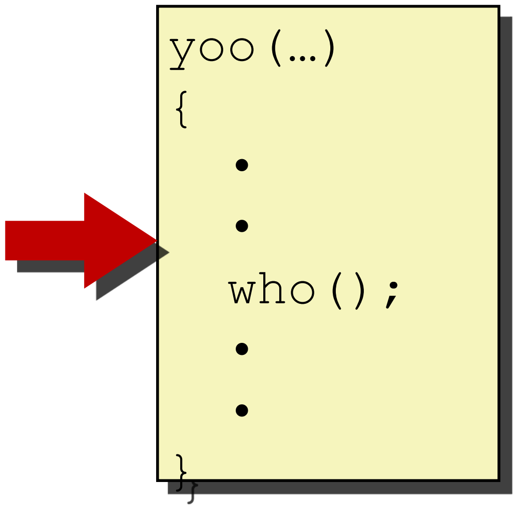
Example



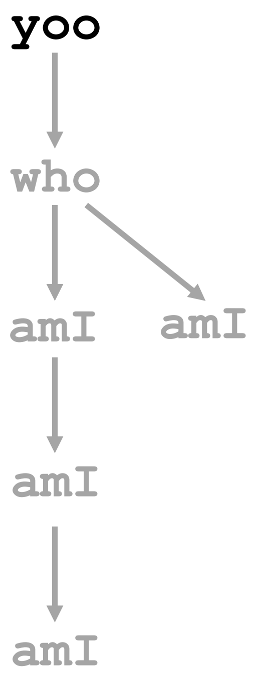


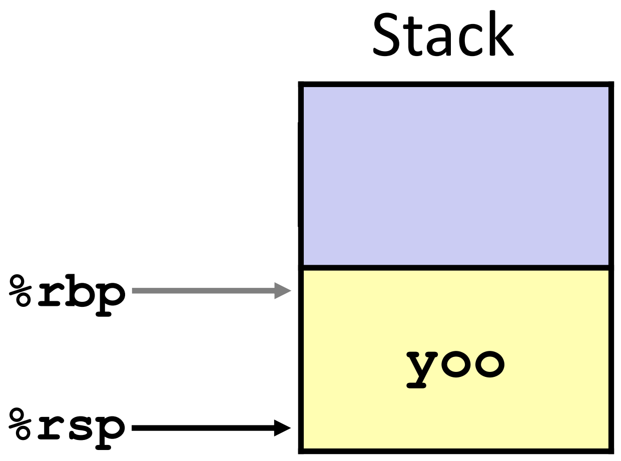


Example



```
yoo(…)
{
    •
    •
    who();
    •
    •
}
```

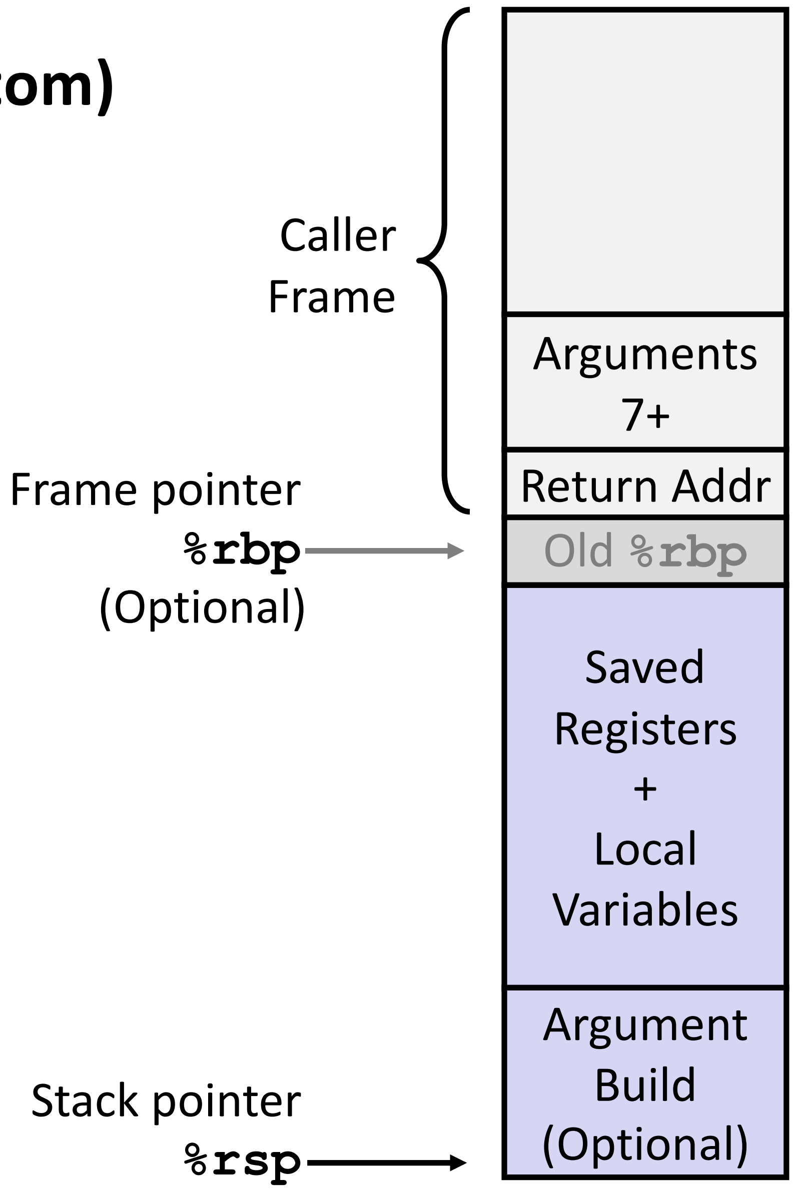




x86-64/Linux Stack Frame

- **Current Stack Frame ("Top" to Bottom)**
  - "Argument build:"
    Parameters for function about to call
  - Local variables
    If can't keep in registers
  - Saved register context
  - Old frame pointer (optional)

- **Caller Stack Frame**
  - Return address
    - Pushed by `call` instruction
  - Arguments for this call



Example: `incr`

```
long incr(long *p, long val) {
    long x = *p;
    long y = x + val;
    *p = y;
    return x;
}
```

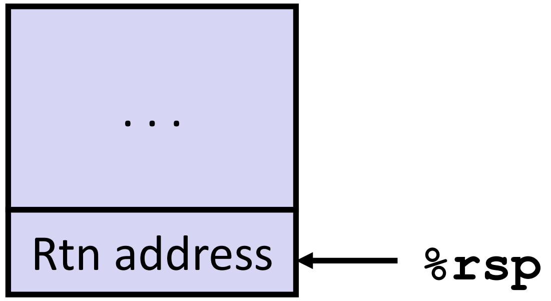
```
incr:
  movq    (%rdi), %rax
  addq    %rax, %rsi
  movq    %rsi, (%rdi)
  ret
```

Register	Use(s)
`%rdi`	Argument `p`
`%rsi`	Argument `val`, `y`
`%rax`	`x`, Return value

Example: Calling `incr` #1

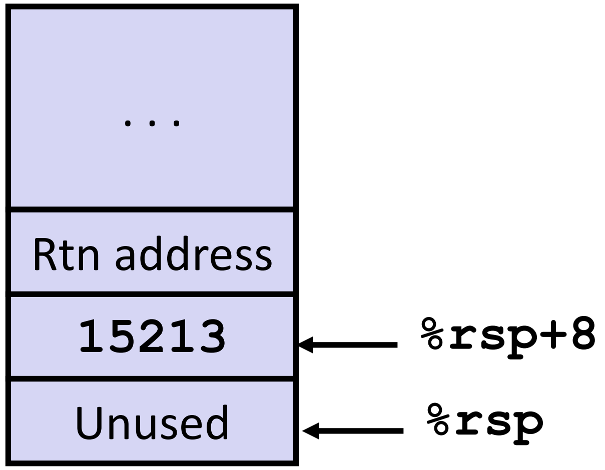
```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

Initial Stack Structure



```
call_incr:
  subq    $16, %rsp
  movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
  movl    $3000, %esi
  leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
  call    incr
  addq    8(%rsp), %rax
  addq    $16, %rsp
  ret
```

Resulting Stack Structure

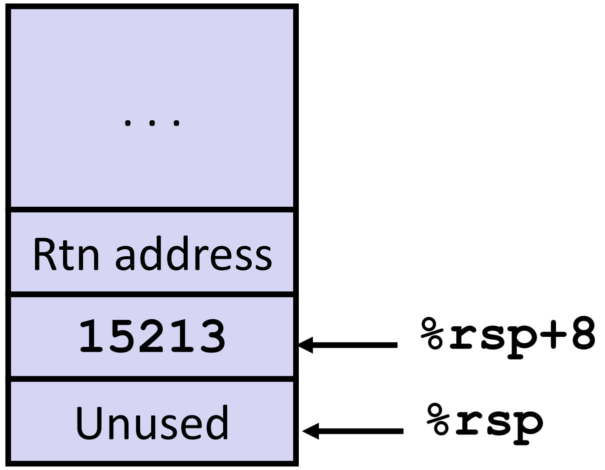


Example: Calling `incr` #2

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

```
call_incr:
  subq    $16, %rsp
  movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
  movl    $3000, %esi
  leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
  call    incr
  addq    8(%rsp), %rax
  addq    $16, %rsp
  ret
```

Stack Structure



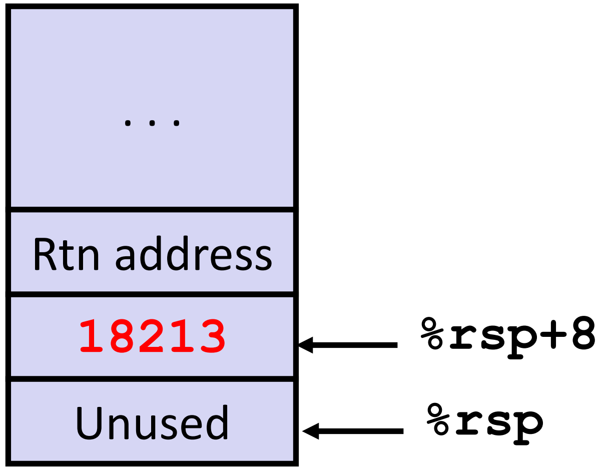
Register	Use(s)
`%rdi`	`&v1`
`%rsi`	`3000`

Example: Calling `incr` #3

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

```
call_incr:
  subq    $16, %rsp
  movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
  movl    $3000, %esi
  leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
  call    incr
  addq    8(%rsp), %rax
  addq    $16, %rsp
  ret
```

Stack Structure



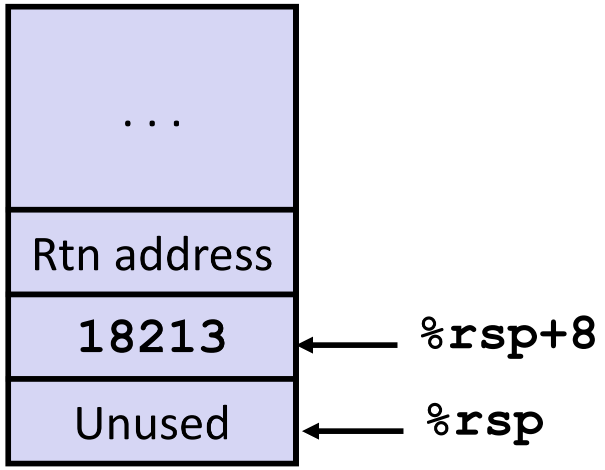
Register	Use(s)
`%rdi`	`&v1`
`%rsi`	`3000`

Example: Calling `incr` #4

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

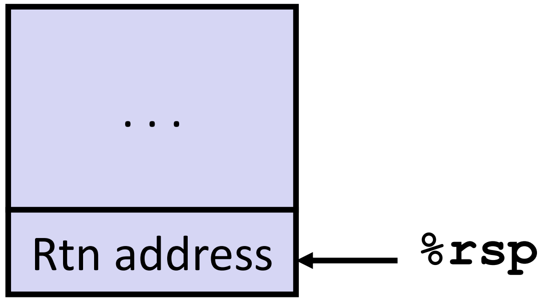
```
call_incr:
  subq    $16, %rsp
  movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
  movl    $3000, %esi
  leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
  call    incr
  addq    8(%rsp), %rax
  addq    $16, %rsp
  ret
```

Stack Structure



Register	Use(s)
`%rax`	Return value

Updated Stack Structure

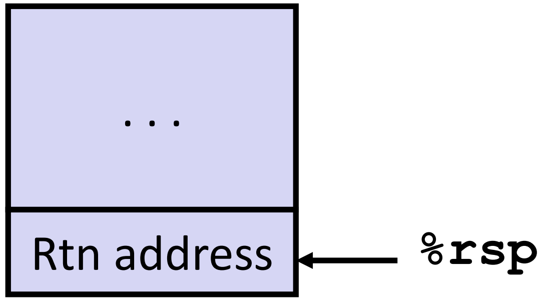


Example: Calling `incr` #5

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

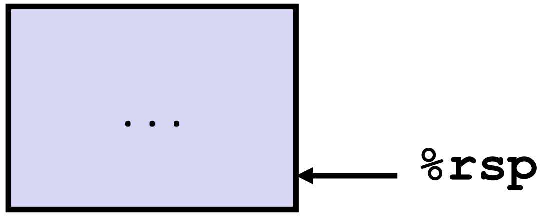
```
call_incr:
  subq    $16, %rsp
  movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
  movl    $3000, %esi
  leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
  call    incr
  addq    8(%rsp), %rax
  addq    $16, %rsp
  ret
```

Updated Stack Structure



Register	Use(s)
`%rax`	Return value

Final Stack Structure



Register Saving Conventions

- When procedure `yoo` calls `who`:
  - `yoo` is the caller
  - `who` is the callee
- Can register be used for temporary storage?

```
yoo:
    • • •
    movq $15213, %rdx
    call who
    addq %rdx, %rax
    • • •
    ret
```

```
who:
    • • •
    subq $18213, %rdx
    • • •
     ret
```

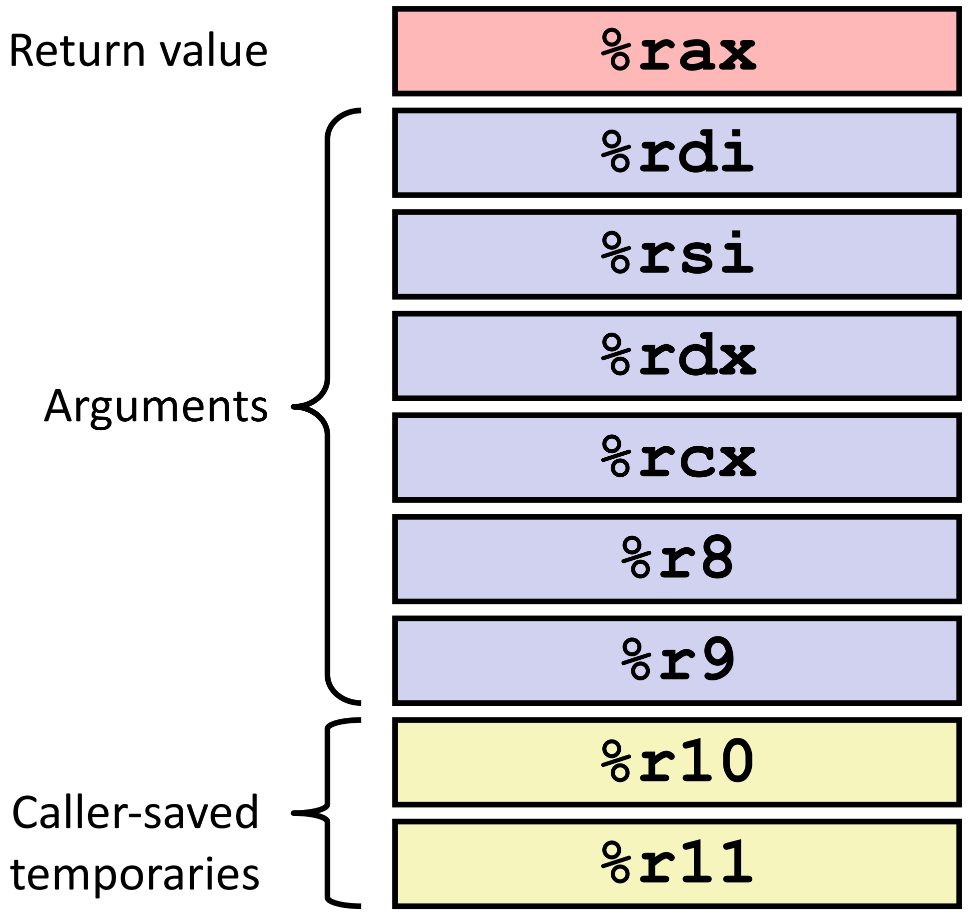
  - Contents of register `%rdx` overwritten by `who`
  - This could be trouble → something should be done!
    - Need some coordination

Register Saving Conventions

- **When procedure `yoo` calls `who`:**
  - `yoo` is the caller
  - `who` is the callee
- **Can register be used for temporary storage?**
- **Conventions**
  - "Caller Saved"
    - Caller saves temporary values in its frame before the call
  - "Callee Saved"
    - Callee saves temporary values in its frame before using
    - Callee restores them before returning to caller

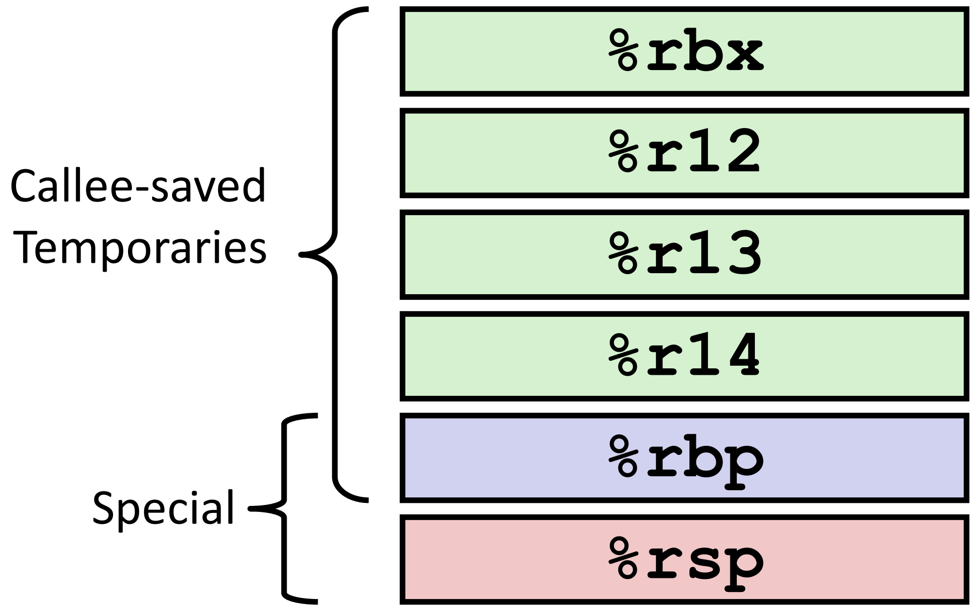
x86-64 Linux Register Usage #1

- **%rax**
  - Return value
  - Also caller-saved
  - Can be modified by procedure
- **%rdi**, …, **%r9**
  - Arguments
  - Also caller-saved
  - Can be modified by procedure
- **%r10**, **%r11**
  - Caller-saved
  - Can be modified by procedure



x86-64 Linux Register Usage #2

- **`%rbx`, `%r12`, `%r13`, `%r14`**
  - Callee-saved
  - Callee must save & restore
- **`%rbp`**
  - Callee-saved
  - Callee must save & restore
  - May be used as frame pointer
  - Can mix & match
- **`%rsp`**
  - Special form of callee save
  - Restored to original value upon exit from procedure

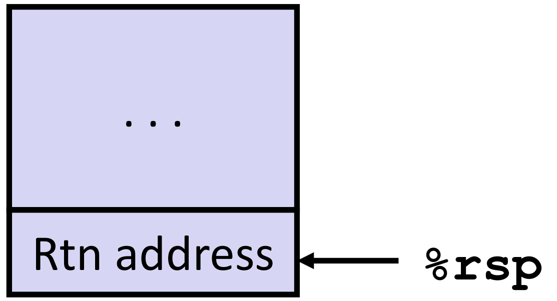


Callee-Saved Example #1

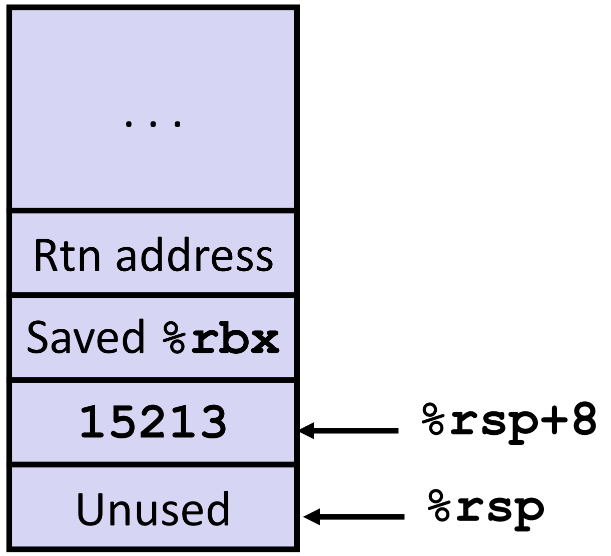
```
long call_incr2(long x) {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return x+v2;
}
```

```
call_incr2:
  pushq    %rbx
  subq     $16, %rsp
  movq     %rdi, %rbx
  movq     $15213, 8(%rsp)
  movl     $3000, %esi
  leaq     8(%rsp), %rdi
  call     incr
  addq     %rbx, %rax
  addq     $16, %rsp
  popq     %rbx
  ret
```

Initial Stack Structure



Resulting Stack Structure

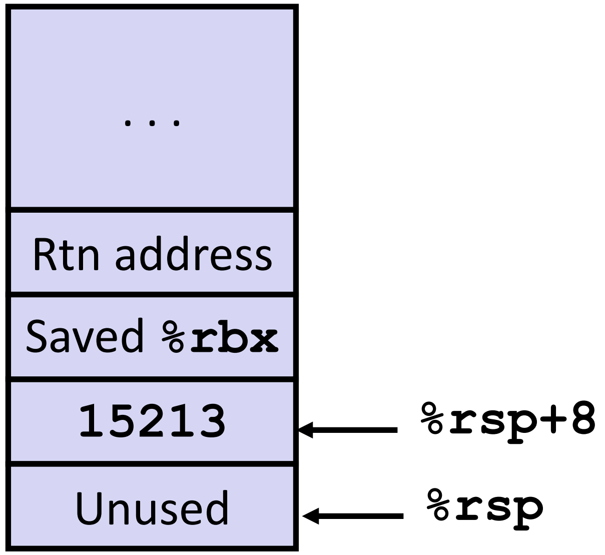


Callee-Saved Example #2

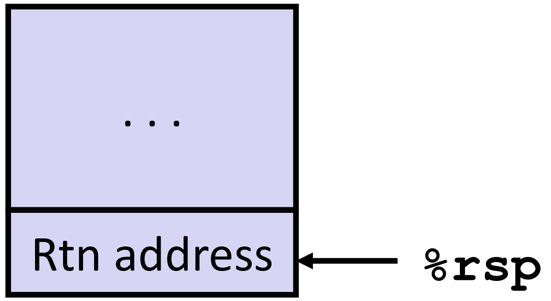
```
long call_incr2(long x) {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return x+v2;
}
```

```
call_incr2:
  pushq   %rbx
  subq    $16, %rsp
  movq    %rdi, %rbx
  movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
  movl    $3000, %esi
  leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
  call    incr
  addq    %rbx, %rax
  addq    $16, %rsp
  popq    %rbx
  ret
```

Resulting Stack Structure



Pre-return Stack Structure



Today

- **Procedures**
  - Stack Structure
  - Calling Conventions
    - Passing control
    - Passing data
    - Managing local data
  - **Illustration of Recursion**

Recursive Function

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
  if (x == 0)
    return 0;
  else
    return (x & 1)
           + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
  movl    $0, %eax
  testq   %rdi, %rdi
  je      .L6
  pushq   %rbx
  movq    %rdi, %rbx
  andl    $1, %ebx
  shrq    %rdi # (by 1)
  call    pcount_r
  addq    %rbx, %rax
  popq    %rbx
.L6:
  rep; ret
```

Recursive Function Terminal Case

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
  if (x == 0)
    return 0;
  else
    return (x & 1)
           + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
   movl    $0, %eax
   testq   %rdi, %rdi
   je      .L6
   pushq   %rbx
   movq    %rdi, %rbx
   andl    $1, %ebx
   shrq    %rdi # (by 1)
   call    pcount_r
   addq    %rbx, %rax
   popq    %rbx
.L6:
   rep; ret
```

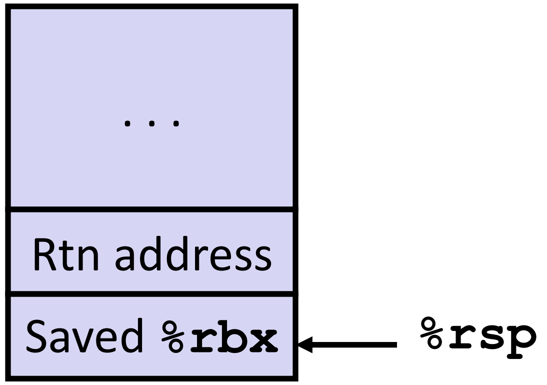
Register	Use(s)	Type
%rdi	x	Argument
%rax	Return value	Return value

Recursive Function Register Save

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
  if (x == 0)
    return 0;
  else
    return (x & 1)
           + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
  movl    $0, %eax
  testq   %rdi, %rdi
  je      .L6
  pushq   %rbx
  movq    %rdi, %rbx
  andl    $1, %ebx
  shrq    %rdi # (by 1)
  call    pcount_r
  addq    %rbx, %rax
  popq    %rbx
.L6:
  rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rdi	x	Argument



Recursive Function Call Setup

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
  if (x == 0)
    return 0;
  else
    return (x & 1)
           + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
  movl    $0, %eax
  testq   %rdi, %rdi
  je      .L6
  pushq   %rbx
  movq    %rdi, %rbx
  andl    $1, %ebx
  shrq    %rdi # (by 1)
  call    pcount_r
  addq    %rbx, %rax
  popq    %rbx
.L6:
  rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
`%rdi`	`x >> 1`	Rec. argument
`%rbx`	`x & 1`	Callee-saved

Recursive Function Call

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
  if (x == 0)
    return 0;
  else
    return (x & 1)
           + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
  movl    $0, %eax
  testq   %rdi, %rdi
  je      .L6
  pushq   %rbx
  movq    %rdi, %rbx
  andl    $1, %ebx
  shrq    %rdi # (by 1)
  call    pcount_r
  addq    %rbx, %rax
  popq    %rbx
.L6:
  rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
`%rbx`	`x & 1`	Callee-saved
`%rax`	Recursive call return value	

Recursive Function Result

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
  if (x == 0)
    return 0;
  else
    return (x & 1)
           + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
  movl    $0, %eax
  testq   %rdi, %rdi
  je      .L6
  pushq   %rbx
  movq    %rdi, %rbx
  andl    $1, %ebx
  shrq    %rdi # (by 1)
  call    pcount_r
  addq    %rbx, %rax
  popq    %rbx
.L6:
  rep; ret
```

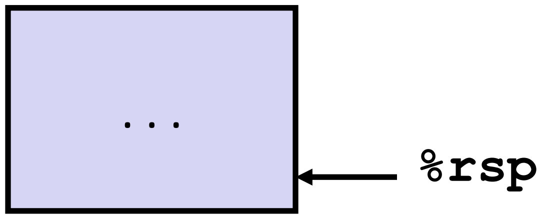
Register	Use(s)	Type
`%rbx`	`x & 1`	Callee-saved
`%rax`	Return value	

Recursive Function Completion

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
  if (x == 0)
    return 0;
  else
    return (x & 1)
           + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
   movl    $0, %eax
   testq   %rdi, %rdi
   je      .L6
   pushq   %rbx
   movq    %rdi, %rbx
   andl    $1, %ebx
   shrq    %rdi # (by 1)
   call    pcount_r
   addq    %rbx, %rax
   popq    %rbx
.L6:
   rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
`%rax`	Return value	Return value

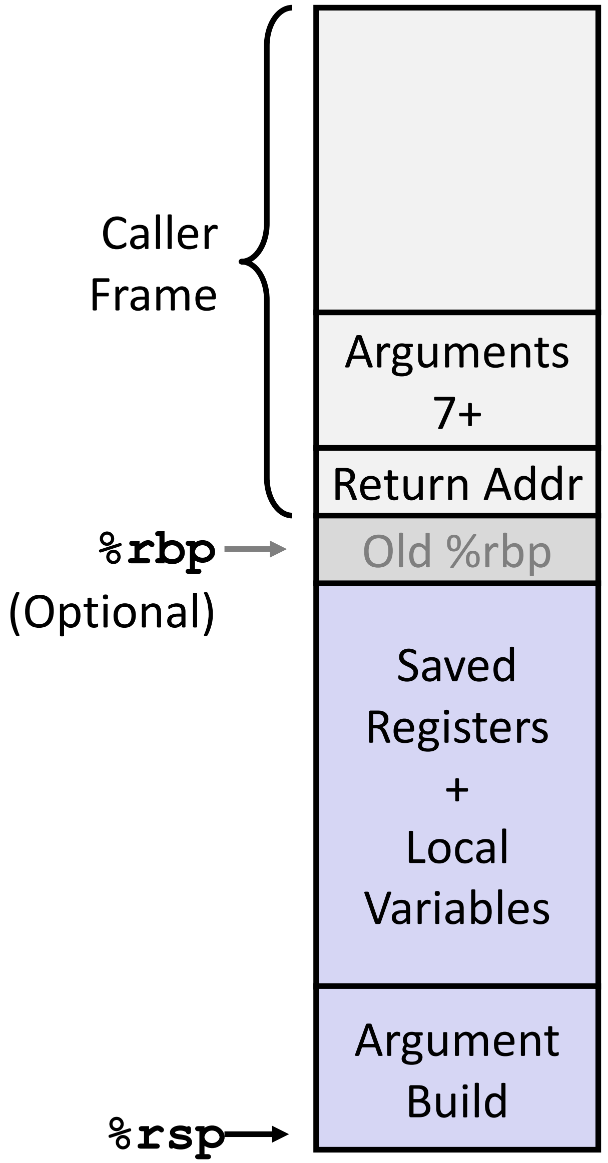


Observations About Recursion

- **Handled Without Special Consideration**
  - Stack frames mean that each function call has private storage
    - Saved registers & local variables
    - Saved return pointer
  - Register saving conventions prevent one function call from corrupting another's data
    - Unless the C code explicitly does so (e.g., buffer overflow in Lecture 9)
  - Stack discipline follows call / return pattern
    - If P calls Q, then Q returns before P
    - Last-In, First-Out
- **Also works for mutual recursion**
  - P calls Q; Q calls P

x86-64 Procedure Summary

- **Important Points**
  - Stack is the right data structure for procedure call / return
    - If P calls Q, then Q returns before P
- **Recursion (& mutual recursion) handled by normal calling conventions**
  - Can safely store values in local stack frame and in callee-saved registers
  - Put function arguments at top of stack
  - Result return in `%rax`
- Pointers are addresses of values
  - On stack or global


Caller Frame
Arguments 7+
Return Addr
%rbp (Optional)
Old %rbp
Saved Registers + Local Variables
Argument Build
%rsp