

COMP3610/6361

04/10/2023

$$\{7=7 \wedge m > 17\} l := 7 \{l=7 \wedge m > 17\}$$

$$\text{correct: } \{P[l/a]\} l := a \{P\}$$

what if we would have

$$\vdash \{P[l/a]\} l := a \{P\}$$

$$\text{example: } \{l=l\} l := 7 \{l=7\}$$

so far so good!?

$$\{\cancel{l=l} \wedge m > l\} l := 7 \{l=7 \wedge m > 7\}$$

$m := 3;$

$l := 1;$

$\{m > l\}$

$l := 7;$

$\{l = 7 \wedge m > 7\}$

~~$\{l = l \wedge m > l\}$~~ $l := 7$ $\{l = 7 \wedge m > 7\}$

$\{ \textcircled{m > 3} \} \ell := 7 \quad \{ \ell = 7 \wedge m > 3 \}$

$m > 21035$

false

$\{ \ell_0 = n \wedge n > 0 \}$

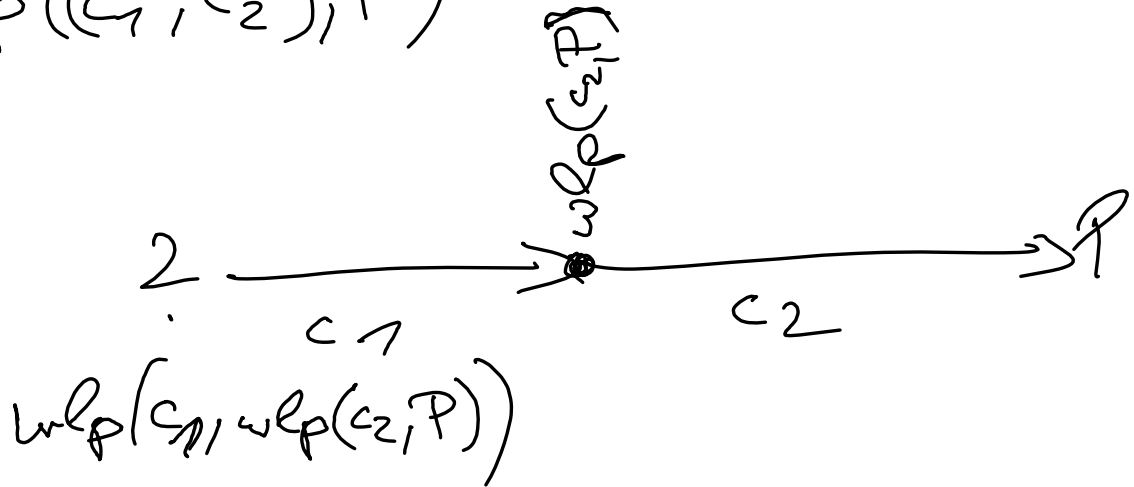
Algorithm

$\{ \ell_0 = n! \}$

$$\text{wlp}(\text{skip}, P) = P$$

$$\text{wlp}(l := a, P) = P[a/l]$$

$$\text{wlp}((c_1 ; c_2), P)$$



wlp($\text{if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2$)

1. case $b = \text{true}$ then $\text{wlp}(c_1, P)$

2. case $b = \text{false}$ then $\text{wlp}(c_2, P)$

$\text{wlp}(\text{while } b \text{ do } c, P) =$

$\neg b \Rightarrow P.$

$b \Rightarrow \text{wlp}(c, \text{wlp}(\text{while } b \text{ do } c, P))$

$\text{while } b \text{ do } c \Rightarrow \text{if } b \text{ then } c; \text{while } b \text{ do } c$
else skip

$\{l > 21035\}$ $l := 7$ $\{l = 7\}$

$l > 21035 \Rightarrow$ true that's $wlp(\{l := 7, \{l = 7\})$

$\vdash P \Rightarrow wlp(c, Q) \quad \vdash \{wlp(c, Q)\} c \{Q\}$ (cons)
 $\vdash \{P\} c \{Q\}$

{ true }

while (!l == 0) do

!l := !l - 1

{ l = 0 }

[l > 0]

while (!l == 0) do

!l := !l - 1

[l = 0]

$$sp(\text{skip}, P) = P$$

$$sp(c_1; c_2, P) = sp(c_2, sp(c_1, P))$$



$$sp(\text{if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2) =$$

$$b \Rightarrow sp(c_1, P)$$

$$\neg b \Rightarrow sp(c_2, P)$$

$$\{l=3\} l:=7 \{l=7\}$$

$$\{l=3\} l:=l+1 \{l=4\}$$

$$\{m>3\} l:=l+1 \{m>3 \wedge \exists v. l=v+1\}$$

$$\{m>l\} l:=7 \{\exists v. m>v \wedge l=7\}$$

