

Abstract Data Types: Lists 1

ADTs The List ADT

A List interface and its implementation: Array List

Structured Programming 1110/6710

Abstract Data Types (ADTs)

Abstract data types describe the behavior (semantics) of a data type without specifying its implementation. An ADT is thus abstract, not concrete.

A **container** is a very general ADT, serving as a holder of objects. A **list** is an example of a specific container ADT.

An ADT is described in terms of the semantics of the operations that may be performed over it.

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The List ADT

The list ADT is a container known mathematically as a finite sequence of elements. A list has these fundamental properties:

- duplicates are allowed
- order is preserved
- A list may support operations such as these:
- create: construct an empty list
- add: add an element to the list
- is *empty*: test whether the list is empty



Our List Interface (Initial Attempt)

We will explore lists using a simple interface:

```
public interface ObjectList {
void add(Object value);
Object get(int index);
int size();
Object remove(int index);
void reverse();
```



Our List Interface (Initial Attempt)

void add(Object value);

Object get(int index);

int size();

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Object remove(int index);

void reverse();

String toString();



DBA

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