

## **Nested Classes**

A class may be defined within another class. Such a class is called a nested class. The main motivation for nested classes is to improve encapsulation and clarity.

- Static nested classes (use **static** keyword) behave as if declared elsewhere, but use their enclosing class as a package
- Instances of inner classes (non-static) are always associated with a particular instance of the enclosing class, and can therefore access instance members of the enclosing class



## **Anonymous Inner Classes**

A special case of nested classes can directly implement a specified interface within a block of code. This class is not otherwise accessible from the outside:

```
Toxic myUnknownToxicThing = new Toxic {
    public boolean isLethalToAdultHumans() {
        return true;
    }
}
```

